Cylinder with Lock

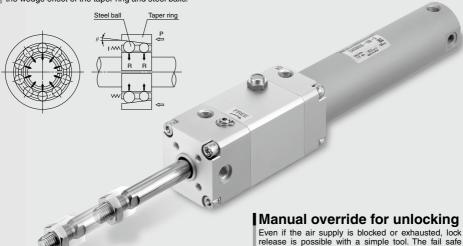
CNG Series

Ø20, Ø25, Ø32, Ø40

A locking cylinder ideal for intermediate stops, emergency stops and drop prevention.

Simple construction

A force magnifying mechanism is employed based on the wedge effect of the taper ring and steel balls.



released

High locking efficiency

Greater locking efficiency as well as stable locking and unlocking operation has been achieved by arranging a large number of steel ball bearings in circular rows. (Unlocking pressure of 0.25 MPa 0.05 MPa lower than current SMC products) In addition, both alignability and stable locking force with respect to piston rod eccentricity are obtained by allowing the taper ring to float.

Design minimizes the influences of unlocking air quality

mechanism locks again when the manual override is

A construction which is strong against moisture and drainage in the compressed air has been realized by separating the locking mechanism and the unlocking chamber.

High reliability and stable holding force

Outstanding durability and stable holding force are maintained by the use of a brake shoe having superior wear resistance, which has also been substantially lengthened (double the current SMC product).

Sorios Variations

Series variations									
		Cushio	n type	With	Bore size	Lock holding	Stroke		
Series	Action	Rubber bumper	Air cushion	rod boot	(mm)	force (N)	(mm)		
Cylinder	Double				20	215			
with lock	acting,				25	335	Max.		
CNG	Single rod			T	32	550	Up to 1500		
series	100				40	860			

Can be locked in both directions

Holding force is equal on either extend or retract.



CNG Series Model Selection

Precautions on Model Selection

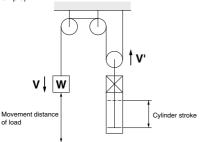
⚠ Caution

1. In order that the originally selected maximum speed is not exceeded, be certain to use a speed controller to adjust the total movement distance of the load so that movement takes place in no less than the applicable movement time.

The movement time is the time that is necessary for the load to travel the total movement distance from the start without any intermediate stops.

In cases where the cylinder stroke and the movement distance of the load are different (double speed mechanism, etc.), use the movement distance of the load for selection purposes.

Example)



3. The following selection example and procedures are based on use at the intermediate stop (including emergency stops during operation). However, when the cylinder is in a locked state, kinetic energy does not act upon it. Under these conditions, use the load mass at the maximum speed (V) of 100 mm/s shown in graphs (5) to (7) depending on the operating pressure and select models.

Selection Example

Load mass: m = 12 kg
 Movement distance: st = 200 mm
 Movement time: t = 0.8 s

 Load condition: Vertical downward = Load in direction of rod extension

• Operating pressure: **P** = 0.4 MPa

Step (1): From graph (1) find the maximum movement speed of the load.

∴ Maximum speed V ≅ 350 mm/s

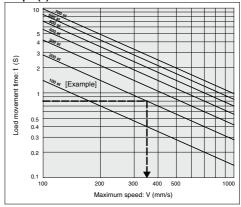
Step (2): Select graph (6) based upon the load condition and operating pressure, and then from the intersection of the maximum speed V = 350 mm/s found in Step (1), and the load mass m = 12 kg

∴ø32 → select a CNG32 or larger bore size.

Step (1) Find the maximum load speed V.

Find the maximum load speed: V (mm/s) from the load movement time: t (s) and the movement distance: st (mm).

Graph (1)



Step (2) Find the bore size.

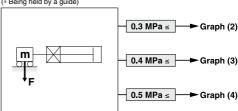
Select a graph based upon the load condition and operating pressure, and then find the point of intersection for the maximum speed found in Step (1) and the load mass. Select the bore size on the above the point of intersection.

Load Condition

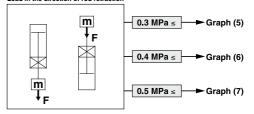
Operating Pressure

Load in the direction at the right

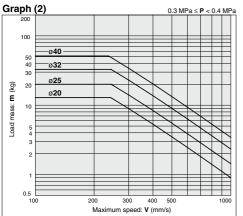
(* Being held by a guide)

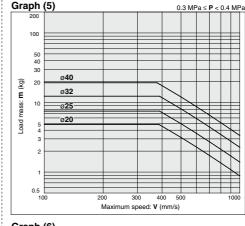


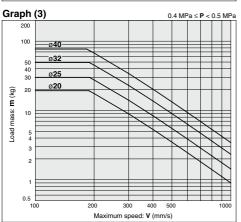
Load in the direction of rod extension Load in the direction of rod retraction

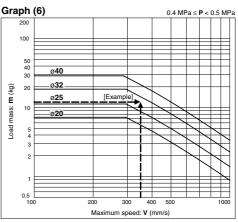


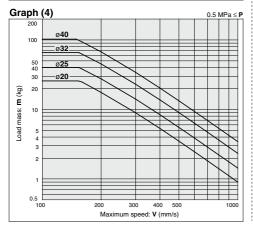
Selection Graph

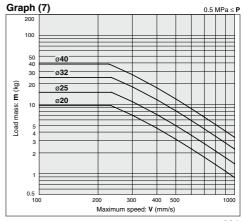










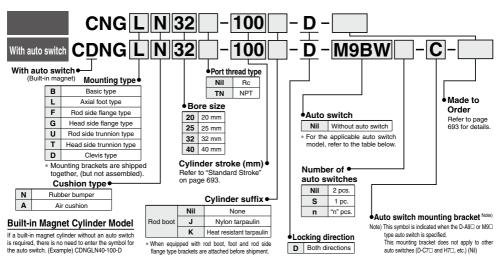


Cylinder with Lock Double Acting, Single Rod CNG Sories

CNG Series

RoHS

How to Order



Applicable Auto Switches/Refer to pages 1341 to 1435 for further information on auto switches.

AP	Jiicable Au	ILU SW	ILC	He5/Refer t	o pages	31341 to	1435 to	further information																	
			'n		10	ad volta	ne	Auto swit		Lead	l wir	e ler	ath	th (m)											
Type	ype Special function Electrical		function Electrical [67] Willing Applicable por					l Pre-wired	e-wired Applicable loa																
.,,,,	opeoidi idilotion	entry	호목	(Output)	_	C	AC	ø20 to		0.5	1	3	5	None	connector	Applicable load									
			=		L		AC	Perpendicular	In-line	(Nil)	(M)	(L)	(Z)	(N)											
				3-wire (NPN)				M9NV	M9N	•	•	•	0	<u> </u>	0										
				3-WIIE (INI IN)		5 V, 12 V		_	_	•	<u> </u>	•	0	<u> </u>	0	IC circuit									
		Grommet		3-wire (PNP)		J V, 12 V		M9PV	M9P	•	•	•	0	<u> </u>	0	. Circuit									
		Gionnie		3-WIIE (I IVI)				_	_	•	<u> </u>	•	0	<u> </u>	0										
Ë								M9BV	M9B	•	•		0	<u> —</u>	0										
switch				2-wire		12 V		_	_	•	<u> </u>		0	<u> </u>	0	_									
ક્ર		Connector						_	H7C	•	<u> </u>		•	•	_										
anto			1	3-wire (NPN)				M9NWV	M9NW	•	•	•	0	-	0]								
ä			Yes	3-WIIE (INFIN)	24 V	24 V	24 V	24 V	24 V	24 V	24 V	24 V	5 V, 12 V		_	_	•	<u> </u>	•	0	-	0	IC circuit	Relay,	
ē	Diagnostic indication		163	3-wire (PNP)									24 V	5 V, 12 V	_	M9PWV	M9PW	•	•	•	0	-	0	IC CITCUIT	PLC
ţ	(2-color indicator)			3-WITE (FINE)												_	_	•	<u> </u>	•	0	-	0		
Solid state		Grommet			2-wire		12 V		M9BWV	M9BW	•	•	•	0	-	0]							
÷				2-wire	5			12 V		_	_	•	<u> </u>	•	0	-	0								
ŭ				3-wire (NPN)		5 V, 12 V		M9NAV*1	M9NA*1	0	0	•	0	-	0	IC circuit]								
	Water resistant			3-wire (PNP)		l	1	1		5 V, 12 V	5 V, 12 V		M9PAV*1	M9PA*1	0	0	•	0	-	0	IC CITCUIT				
	(2-color indicator)			2-wire		12 V		M9BAV*1	M9BA*1	0	0	•	0	-	0]								
				Z-WITE		12 V		_	_	•	<u> </u>	•	0	-	0										
	Diagnostic output (2-color indicator)			4-wire (NPN)		5 V, 12 V		_	H7NF	•	I-	•	0	I-	0	IC circuit]								
-			Yes	3-wire (Equiv. to NPN)	_	5 V	_	A96V	A96	•	I-	•	_	I-	_	IC circuit	_								
윤			res				100V	A93V*2	A93	•	•	•	•	-	_	_									
Š	Grommet None Yes None None	Grommet	None				100 V or less	A90V	A90	•	Ι—	•	_	Ι=	_	IC circuit	1								
Ö			Yes	1		12 V	100 V, 200 V	_	B54	•	Ι	•	•	Ι=	_		Relay,								
5			None	2-wire	24 V	12 V	200 V or less	_	B64	•	Ι	•	_	Ι=	_	_	PLC								
0					_	_	C73C	•	I —	•	•	•	_		FLC										
Reed		Connector	None				24 V or less	_	C80C	•	I —	•	•	•	_	IC circuit]								
Œ	Diagnostic indication (2-color indicator)	Grommet	Yes	1		_	_	_	B59W	•	Ι_	•	_	I —	_	_]								

^{*1} Water resistant type auto switches can be mounted on the above models, but in such case SMC cannot guarantee water resistance. A water-resistant type cylinder is recommended for use in an environment which requires water resistance. However, please contact SMC for water-resistant products of ø20 and ø25.

*2 1 m type lead wire is only applicable to D-A93.

^{*} Lead wire length symbols: 0.5 mNii (Example) M9NW 5 mZ (Example) M9NWZ 1 mNii (Example) M9NWM NoneNii (Example) H7CN 3 mL (Example) M9NWL

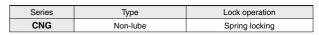
^{*} Solid state auto switches marked with "O" are produced upon receipt of order.

^{*} Since there are other applicable auto switches than listed, refer to page 708 for details.

^{*} For details about auto switches with pre-wired connector, refer to pages 1410 and 1411.

^{*} D-A9□(V)/M9□(V)/M9□W(V)/M9□A(V) auto switches are shipped together (not assembled). (Only auto switch brackets are assembled at the time of shipment.)

Model



Cylinder Specifications

Bore size (mm)	20	25	32	40		
Lubrication	Not required (Non-lube)					
Proof pressure	1.5 MPa					
Max. operating pressure		1.0 N	ЛРа			
Min. operating pressure	0.08 MPa					
Piston speed	50 to 1000mm/s *					
Ambient and fluid temperature		auto switch: -10 to switch: -10				
Cushion		Rubber bum	per, Air cushic	n		
Stroke length tolerance (mm)	h tolerance (mm) Up to 1000 st: +1.4					
Basic type, Axial foot type, Rod side flange type Head side flange type, Rod side trunnion type, Head side tr Clevis type (used for 90°change of port positior				ide trunnion type,		

^{*} When the piston is locked, the load weight is limited by the mounting orientation and the operating pressure.

Lock Specifications

Bore size (mm)	20	25	32	40		
Locking action	Spring locking (Exhaust locking)					
Unlocking pressure	0.20 MPa or more	0.25 MPa or more				
Lock starting pressure	0.15 MPa or less	s 0.20 MPa or less				
Operating pressure range	0.2 to 1.0 MPa	.0 MPa 0.25 to 1.0 MPa				
Locking direction	Both directions					
Holding force (Max. static load) N*	215	335	550	860		

^{*} The holding force (max. static load) shows the maximum capability and does not show the normal holding capability. So, select an appropriate cylinder while referring to page 690.

Standard Stroke/ Refer to the minimum auto switch mounting stroke (page 706) for cylinders with an auto switch.

		(11111)
Bore size	Standard stroke Note1)	Manufacturable stroke
20	25, 50, 75, 100, 125, 150, 200	
25		
32		
40	25, 50, 75, 100, 125,	1500
50, 63	150, 200, 250, 300	
80		
100		

- Note 1) Intermediate strokes not listed above are produced upon receipt of order. Manufacture of intermediate strokes at 1 mm intervals is possible. (Spacers are not used.)
- Note 2) Applicable strokes should be confirmed according to the usage. For details, refer to "Air Cylinders Model Selection" in the Web Catalog. In addition, the products that exceed the standard stroke might not be able to fulfill the specifications due to the deflection etc.

Stopping Accuracy

(mm)

Look tupo		Piston speed (mm/s)						
Lock type	100	300	500	1000				
Spring locking	± 0.3	±0.6	± 1.0	±2.0				

Condition: Lateral, Supply pressure P = 0.5 MPa Load mass Upper limit of allowed value

Solenoid valve for locking: Mounted directly to unlocking port Maximum value of stopping position dispersion from 100 measurements



Symbol

Rubber bumper

Air cushion



Made to Order Specifications Click here for details

Symbol	Specifications			
-XA□	Change of rod end shape			
-XC4*	With heavy duty scraper			
-XC35	With coil scraper			

^{* -}XC4 (with heavy duty scraper) is available only for ø32 and ø40

Rod Boot Material

Symbol	Rod boot material	Max. operating temperature
J	Nylon tarpaulin	70°C
K	Heat resistant tarnaulin	110℃*

^{*} Maximum ambient temperature for the rod boot itself.

Refer to pages 705 to 708 for cylinders with auto switches.

- · Minimum auto switch mounting stroke
- · Proper auto switch mounting position (detection at stroke end) and mounting height
- · Operating range
- · Switch mounting bracket: Part no.

Mounting Bracket Part No.

Marinting brookst		Bore size (mm)						
Mounting bracket	20	25	32	40				
Axial foot *	CNG-L020	CNG-L025	CNG-L032	CNG-L040				
Flange	CNG-F020	CNG-F025	CNG-F032	CNG-F040				
Trunnion pin	CG-T020	CG-T025	CG-T032	CG-T040				
Clevis **	CG-D020	CG-D025	CG-D032	CG-D040				
Rod side pivot bracket	CNG-020-24	CNG-025-24	CNG-032-24	CNG-040-24				
Head side pivot bracket	CG-020-24A	CG-025-24A	CG-032-24A	CG-040-24A				

- * When ordering foot bracket, order 2 pieces per cylinder.
- ** Clevis pin, retaining ring, and mounting bolt are shipped together with clevis type.
- *** Mounting bolts are included with the foot and flange types.

Accessory

	Mounting	Basic type	Axial foot type	Rod side flange type	Head side flange type	Rod side trunnion type	Head side trunnion type	Clevis type
Standard	Rod end nut	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
equipment	Clevis pin	_	_	_	_	_	_	•
	Single knuckle joint	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	Double knuckle joint (with pin) *	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Option	Pivot bracket	_	_	_	_	•	•	•
	Rod boot	•	•	•	•	•	•	•

^{*} Pins and retaining rings are attached with double knuckle joint

Weight

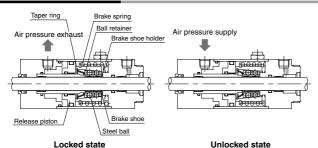
					(kg
	Bore size (mm)	20	25	32	40
	Basic type	0.52	0.83	0.91	1.24
	Axial foot type	0.63	0.96	1.07	1.46
Basic weight	Flange type	0.64	1.01	1.08	1.47
	Trunnion type	0.53	0.85	0.94	1.29
	Clevis type	0.57	0.91	1.06	1.47
Rod side pivo	t bracket	0.11	0.13	0.20	0.27
Head side piv	ot bracket	0.08	0.09	0.17	0.25
Single knuckl	e joint	0.05	0.09	0.09	0.10
Double knuck	de joint (with pin)	0.05	0.09	0.09	0.13
Additional weight per each 50 mm of stroke		0.05	0.07	0.09	0.15
Additional weight with air cushion		0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02
Additional weight for long stroke		0.01	0.01	0.02	0.03
>-11-41 /E	onle) CNCI AGO 100 D (Feet time ago)	100 -t) Di-	aiabt	0.60 kg (Feet time of	10)

Calculation: (Example) CNGLA20-100-D (Foot type, ø20, 100 st)

Basic weight-..... 0.63 kg (Foot type, ø20) Additional weight 0.05 kg/50 st Air cylinder stroke 100 st Air cushion additional weight 0.01 kg

 $0.63 + 0.05 \times 100/50 + 0.01 = 0.74 \text{ kg}$

Construction Principle



Spring locking (Exhaust locking)
The spring force which acts upon the taper ring is magnified by a wedge effect, and is conveyed to all of the numerous steel balls which are arranged in two circles. These act on the brake shoe holder and brake, which locks the piston rod by tightening against it with a large force.

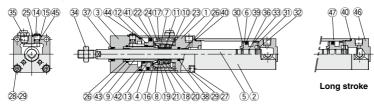
Unlocking is accomplished when air pressure is supplied to the unlocking port. The release piston and taper ring oppose the spring force, moving to the right side, and the ball retainer strikes the cover section. The braking force is released as the steel balls are removed from the taper ring by the ball retainer.



^{*} For details about part numbers and dimensions, refer to page 704. (For rod boots, refer to page 696.)

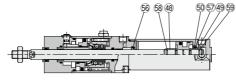
Construction

With rubber bumper: CNGBN













Long stroke

Component Parts Nο Description Material Note Anodized Rod cover Aluminum alloy 2 Tube cover Aluminum allov Hard anodized Anodized 3 Cover Aluminum allov Anodized Intermediate cover 4 Aluminum alloy Piston rod Hard chrome plated 5 Carbon steel* 6 Piston Aluminum alloy Heat treated Taper ring Carbon steel Ball retainer Я Special resin Piston guide Carbon steel Trivalent zinc chromated Heat treated 10 Brake shoe holder Special steel 11 Brake shoe cial friction materia 12 Release piston Carbon steel Zinc chromated Release piston Bearing alloy 13 bushing Bearing alloy 14 Unlocking cam Chromium molybdenum steel Electroless nickel plated 15 Washer Rolled steel plate Flectroless nickel plated 16 Retainer pre-load spring Steel wire Trivalent zinc chromated 17 Brake spring Steel wire Trivalent zinc chromated ø25, ø32 only 18 Stainless steel ø25, ø32 only Stainless steel Steel ball A Carbon steel 21 Steel ball B Carbon steel Tooth ring Stainless steel 23 Bumper Resin 24 Type C retaining ring for taper ring Carbon steel Type C retaining ring for unlocking cam shaft Carbon steel 26 Bushing Bearing alloy Hexagon socket head cap screw 27 Chromium molybdenum stee 28 Hexagon socket head cap screw Chromium molybdenum ste Spring washer for hex. socket head cap screw 29 Steel wire 30 Bumper A Resin 31 Bumper B Resin ø40 is the same as bumper A 32 Retaining ring Stainless steel Wear ring 33 Resin

Rod end nut

BC element

Piston gasket

34

35

36

* The material for ø20 and ø25 cylinders equipped with auto switches is stainless steel.

Carbon steel

Bronze

NBR

Com	ponent Parts		
No.	Description	Material	Note
37	Rod seal A	NBR	
38	Rod seal B	NBR	
39	Piston seal	NBR	
40	Cylinder tube gasket	NBR	
41	Release piston seal	NBR	
42	Rod seal C	NBR	
43	Piston guide gasket	NBR	
44	Intermediate cover gasket	NBR	
45	Unlocking cam gasket	NBR	
46	Head cover	Aluminum alloy	Anodized
47	Cylinder tube	Aluminum alloy	Hard anodized
48	Cushion ring A	Aluminum alloy	Anodized
49	Cushion ring B	Aluminum alloy	Same anodized as cushion ring A except ø20, 25 standard stroke
50	Seal retainer	Rolled steel	Zinc chromated long strokes not available
51	Cushion valve A	Chromium molybdenum steel	Electroless nickel plated
52	Cushion valve B	Rolled steel	Electroless nickel plated
53	Valve retainer	Rolled steel	Electroless nickel plated
54	Lock nut	Rolled steel	
_ 55	Retaining ring	Stainless steel	
56	Cushion seal A	Urethane	
57	Cushion seal B	Urethane	Same as cushion seal A except ø20, 25 standard stroke
58	Cushion ring gasket A	NBR	
59	Cushion ring gasket B	NBR	Same as cushion ring gasket A except ø20, 25 standard stroke
60	Valve seal A	NBR	
61	Valve seal B	NBR	
62	Valve retainer gasket	NBR	

Replacement Parts: Seal Kit

Bore size (mm)	Kit no.	Contents
20	CG1N20-PS	
25	CG1N25-PS	Set of above nos. 37, 39, 40
32	CG1N32-PS	Set of above nos. (9), (9), (4)
40	CG1N40-PS	

Since the lock section for the CNG series is normally replaced as a unit, kits are for the cylinder section only. These can be ordered using the order number for each bore size.

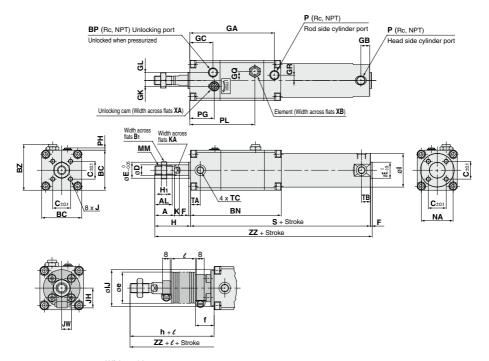
Trivalent zinc chromated

Note) In the case of cylinders with auto switches, magnets are installed in the piston.

^{*} Seal kit includes a grease pack (10 g). Order with the following part number when only the grease pack is needed. Grease pack part number: GR-S-010 (10 g)

Dimensions

Basic type (B): With rubber bumper CNGBN



With rod boot

																								,,,,,,,
Bore siz	Stroke ran	ge without rod boot	Stroke rang	e with rod boot	_	Α1	ъ.	ВС	DNI	DD.	ΒZ	С	D	Е	_	GA	GB	~~	CV	ī	CD.	GQ	ш.	
(mm)	Standard	Long stroke	Standard	Long stroke	Α.	AL	ום	ьс	DIN	DP	DZ	·	ט	_	г	GA	GB	GC	GK	GL	un	uu	п	
20	Up to 200	201 to 1500	20 to 200	201 to 1500	18	15.5	13	38	93	1/8	44.5	14	8	12	2	85	10 (12)	18	5.5	6	4	8	5	26
25	Up to 300	301 to 1500	20 to 300	301 to 1500	22	19.5	17	45	103	1/8	51.5	16.5	10	14	2	96	10 (12)	25	6.5	9	7	10	6	31
32	Up to 300	301 to 1500	20 to 300	301 to 1500	22	19.5	17	45	104	1/8	51.5	20	12	18	2	97	10 (12)	25	6.5	9	7	10	6	38
40	Up to 300	301 to 1500	20 to 300	301 to 1500	30	27	19	52	112	1/8	58.5	26	16	25	2	104	10 (13)	26	7	11	7	12	8	47

																	(mm)
Bore size		\ \r	KA	мм	NA	Р	PG	DI.	ь.	s	ТА	тв	тс	V.	хв	With	out rod boot
(mm)	J	^	NΑ	IVIIVI	NA		PG	РП	PL	5	IA	IB	10	XA	\ve	Н	ZZ
20	M4 x 0.7 depth 7	5	6	M8 x 1.25	24	1/8	21.5	2	65	141 (149)	11	11	M5 x 0.8	3	12	35	178 (186)
25	M5 x 0.8 depth 7.5	5.5	8	M10 x 1.25	29	1/8	26.5	2.5	73	151 (159)	11	11	M6 x 0.75	3	12	40	193 (201)
32	M5 x 0.8 depth 8	5.5	10	M10 x 1.25	35.5	1/8	26.5	2.5	73	154 (162)	11	10 (11)	M8 x 1.0	3	12	40	196 (204)
40	M6 x 1 depth 12	6	14	M14 x 1.5	44	1/8	28	2.5	81	169 (178)	12	10 (12)	M10 x 1.25	4	12	50	221 (230)

									(mm)
				٧	Vith r	od b	oot		
	Bore size (mm)	IJ	JH (Reference)	JW (Reference)	е	f	h	l	ZZ
	20	27	15.5	10.5	30	18	55		198 (206)
	25	32	16.5	10.5	30	19	62	stroke	215 (223)
	32	38	18.5	10.5	35	19	62	1/4 st	218 (226)
ĺ	40	48	21.5	10.5	35	10	70		241 (250)

Note) (): Denotes the dimensions for long stroke.

Basic type (B): With air cushion CNGBA Rod side cylinder port BP (Rc, NPT) Unlocking port GC Head side cylinder port Unlocked when pressurized GB Unlocking cam (Width across flats XA) Element (Width across flats XB) PG Width across flats B1 WA Width across flats **KA** 표 ΤB BN S + Stroke ZZ + Stroke h + l ZZ + ℓ + Stroke

With rod boot

																							(mm)
Bore size	Stroke rang	ge without rod boot	Stroke rang	e with rod boot	_	AL	ь.	ВС	DNI	DП	BZ	С	D	Е	F	GA	GB	00	CV	<u></u>	CD.	GQ	ш.	
(mm)	Standard	Long stroke	Standard	Long stroke	Α.	AL	ום	ьс	DIN	DP	DΖ	٠	ייו	_	-	GA	GB	GC	un	GL	un	uu	m	' '
20	Up to 200	201 to 1500	20 to 200	201 to 1500	18	15.5	13	38	93	1/8	44.5	14	8	12	2	87	10 (12)	18	5.5	6	4	8	5	26
25	Up to 300	301 to 1500	20 to 300	301 to 1500	22	19.5	17	45	103	1/8	51.5	16.5	10	14	2	97	10 (12)	25	6.5	9	7	10	6	31
32	Up to 300	301 to 1500	20 to 300	301 to 1500	22	19.5	17	45	104	1/8	51.5	20	12	18	2	97	10 (12)	25	6.5	9	7	10	6	38
40	Up to 300	301 to 1500	20 to 300	301 to 1500	30	27	19	52	112	1/8	58.5	26	16	25	2	104	10 (13)	26	7	11	7	12	8	47

																			((mm)
Bore size (mm)	J	ĸ	KA	ММ	NA	Р	PG	РН	PL	s	TA	тв	тс	WA	WB	wн	ww	Wθ	ХА	хв
20	M4 x 0.7 depth 7	5	6	M8 x 1.25	24	M5 x 0.8	21.5	2	65	141 (149)	11	11	M5 x 0.8	88	15 (16)	23	5.5	30°	3	12
25	M5 x 0.8 depth 7.5	5.5	8	M10 x 1.25	29	M5 x 0.8	26.5	2.5	73	151 (159)	11	11	M6 x 0.75	98	15 (16)	25	6	30°	3	12
32	M5 x 0.8 depth 8	5.5	10	M10 x 1.25	35.5	Rc 1/8	26.5	2.5	73	154 (162)	11	10 (11)	M8 x 1.0	99	15 (16)	28.5	6	25°	3	12
40	M6 x 1 depth 12	6	14	M14 x 1.5	44	Rc 1/8	28	2.5	81	169 (178)	12	10 (12)	M10 x 1.25	107	15 (16)	33	8	20°	4	12

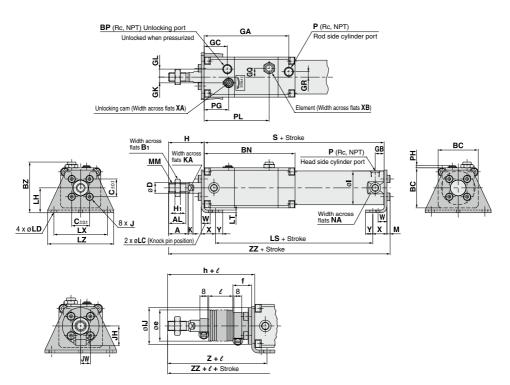
										(mm)
	With	out rod boot			٧	Vith r	od b	oot		
Bore size (mm)	н	ZZ	IJ	JH (Reference)	JW (Reference)	е	f	h	e	ZZ
20	35	178 (186)	27	15.5	10.5	30	18	55	n	198 (206)
25	40	193 (201)	32	16.5	10.5	30	19	62	stroke	215 (223)
32	40	196 (204)	38	18.5	10.5	35	19	62	1/4 st	218 (226)
40	50	221 (230)	48	21.5	10.5	35	19	70		241 (250)

Note) (): Denotes the dimensions for long stroke.

Dimensions with mounting bracket are the same as dimensions with rubber bumper.

Dimensions

Axial foot type (L): With rubber bumper CNGLN



With rod boot

																							(mm)
Bore size	Stroke rang	e without rod boot	with rod boot	•	Α1	ь.	ВС	DNI	DП	BZ	С	2	GA	GB	~~	c۷	<u>ر</u> ر	CD	GQ	ш.		J	
(mm)	Standard	Long stroke	Standard	Long stroke	А	AL	DI	ьс	DIN	ь	DZ	٦	ט	GA	GB	uc	GK	GL	un	GQ	п	•	J
20	Up to 200	201 to 1500	20 to 200	201 to 1500	18	15.5	13	38	93	1/8	50.5	14	8	85	10 (12)	18	5.5	6	4	8	5	26	M4 x 0.7
25	Up to 300	301 to 1500	20 to 300	301 to 1500	22	19.5	17	45	103	1/8	57	16.5	10	96	10 (12)	25	6.5	9	7	10	6	31	M5 x 0.8
32	Up to 300	301 to 1500	20 to 300	301 to 1500	22	19.5	17	45	104	1/8	57	20	12	97	10 (12)	25	6.5	9	7	10	6	38	M5 x 0.8
40	Up to 300	301 to 1500	20 to 300	301 to 1500	30	27	19	52	112	1/8	65.5	26	16	104	10 (13)	26	7	11	7	12	8	47	M6 x 1

																						(mm)
Bore size (mm)	к	KA	М	мм	NA	Р	PG	РН	PL	s	LC	LD	LH	LS	LT	LX	LZ	х	Υ	w	ХА	хв
20	5	6	3	M8 x 1.25	24	1/8	21.5	2	65	141 (149)	4	6	25	117 (125)	3	50	62	15	7	10	3	12
25	5.5	8	3.5	M10 x 1.25	29	1/8	26.5	2.5	73	151 (159)	4	6	28	127 (135)	3	57	70	15	7	10	3	12
32	5.5	10	3.5	M10 x 1.25	35.5	1/8	26.5	2.5	73	154 (162)	4	7	28	128 (136)	3	60	74	16	8	10	3	12
40	6	14	4	M14 x 1.5	44	1/8	28	2.5	81	169 (178)	4	7	33	142 (151)	3	68	84	16.5	8.5	10	4	12

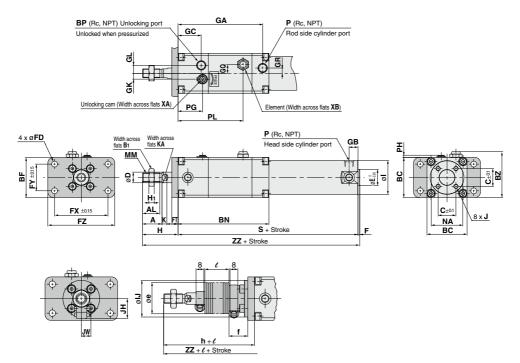
											(mm)
	W	ithout rod boot					Wit	h ro	d boot		
Bore size (mm)	н	ZZ	IJ	JH (Reference)	JW (Reference)	е	f	h	e	z	ZZ
20	35	182 (190)	27	15.5	10.5	30	18	55	m	67	202 (210)
25	40	197.5 (205.5)	32	16.5	10.5	30	19	62	stroke	74	219.5 (227.5)
32	40	200.5 (208.5)	38	18.5	10.5	35	19	62	/ ₄ st	75	222.5 (230.5)
40	50	226 (235)	48	21.5	10.5	35	19	70		83.5	246 (255)

Note) (): Denotes the dimensions for long stroke.

698



Rod side flange type (F): With rubber bumper CNGFN



With	rod	bo	ot
------	-----	----	----

																								(1	mm)
В	ore size	Stroke rang	ge without rod boot	Stroke rang	e with rod boot	_	Δ1	ъ.	ВС	DE	DNI	DD.	D7	С	D	_	_	GA	GB	~~	CV	2	СD	GQ	ш.
	(mm)	Standard	Long stroke	Standard	Long stroke	А	AL	DI	ьс	DF	DIN	DP	DZ	_ C	ט	_	г	GA	GB	uС	GK	GL	un	GQ	п
	20	Up to 200	201 to 1500	20 to 200	201 to 1500	18	15.5	13	38	38	93	1/8	44.5	14	8	12	2	85	10 (12)	18	5.5	6	4	8	5
	25	Up to 300	301 to 1500	20 to 300	301 to 1500	22	19.5	17	45	45	103	1/8	51.5	16.5	10	14	2	96	10 (12)	25	6.5	9	7	10	6
	32	Up to 300	301 to 1500	20 to 300	301 to 1500	22	19.5	17	45	45	104	1/8	51.5	20	12	18	2	97	10 (12)	25	6.5	9	7	10	6
	40	Up to 300	301 to 1500	20 to 300	301 to 1500	30	27	19	52	52	112	1/8	58.5	26	16	25	2	104	10 (13)	26	7	11	7	12	8

																				(mm)
Bore size	ī.		v	KA	ММ	NA	Р	PG	пц	DI.	s	FD	ЕТ	EV	EV	E7	v .	VΒ	With	out rod boot
(mm)	١'	J	^	NA.	IVIIVI	INA	-	Pu	PH	PL	3	FD	г	- ^	гт	۲2	^^	^D	Н	ZZ
20	26	M4 x 0.7	5	6	M8 x 1.25	24	1/8	21.5	2	65	141 (149)	5.5	6	52	25	65	3	12	35	178 (186)
25	31	M5 x 0.8	5.5	8	M10 x 1.25	29	1/8	26.5	2.5	73	151 (159)	5.5	7	60	30	75	3	12	40	193 (201)
32	38	M5 x 0.8	5.5	10	M10 x 1.25	35.5	1/8	26.5	2.5	73	154 (162)	6.6	7	60	30	75	3	12	40	196 (204)
40	47	M6 x 1	6	14	M14 x 1.5	44	1/8	28	2.5	81	169 (178)	6.6	8	66	36	82	4	12	50	221 (230)

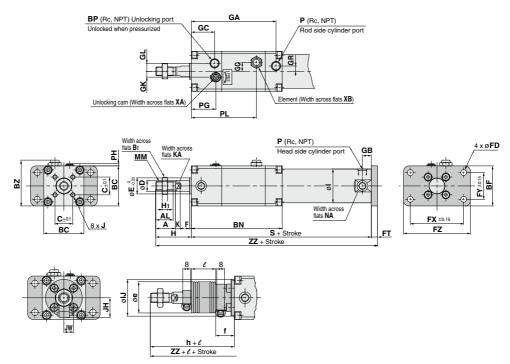
									(mm)
				Wit	h roc	bod	ot		
	Bore size (mm)	IJ	JH (Reference)	JW (Reference)	е	f	h	e	ZZ
ĺ	20	27	15.5	10.5	30	18	55	0	198 (206)
ĺ	25	32	16.5	10.5	30	19	62	stroke	215 (223)
Ī	32	38	18.5	10.5	35	19	62	1/4 st	218 (226)
Ī	40	48	21.5	10.5	35	19	70		241 (250)

Note) (): Denotes the dimensions for long stroke.



Dimensions

Head side flange type (G): With rubber bumper CNGGN



With rod boot

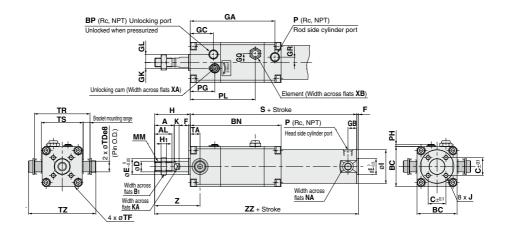
																								(mm)
Bore size	Stroke rang	ge without rod boot	Stroke rang	e with rod boot	_		_		D.E.	DN		D7		_	_	_	~ ^	GB		٥v	~ .		~~		
(mm)	Standard	Long stroke	Standard	Long stroke	A	AL	В1	ВС	ВГ	ВИ	ВР	BZ	C	ט	_		GA	GB	GC	GK	GL	GH	GQ	H 1	<u> </u>
20	Up to 200	201 to 1500	20 to 200	201 to 1500	18	15.5	13	38	38	93	1/8	44.5	14	8	12	2	85	10 (12)	18	5.5	6	4	8	5	26
25	Up to 300	301 to 1500	20 to 300	301 to 1500	22	19.5	17	45	45	103	1/8	51.5	16.5	10	14	2	96	10 (12)	25	6.5	9	7	10	6	31
32	Up to 300	301 to 1500	20 to 300	301 to 1500	22	19.5	17	45	45	104	1/8	51.5	20	12	18	2	97	10 (12)	25	6.5	9	7	10	6	38
40	Up to 300	301 to 1500	20 to 300	301 to 1500	30	27	19	52	52	112	1/8	58.5	26	16	25	2	104	10 (13)	26	7	11	7	12	8	47

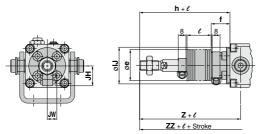
																			(mm)
Bore size		ĸ	KA	ММ	NA	Р	PG	пп	ы	s	FD	СТ	EV	EV	E7	~ ^	5	With	nout rod boot
(mm)	,	_	NΑ	IVIIVI	IVA	_	PG	РΠ	PL	•	Fυ	гі	Γ^	гт	FZ.	^A	^D	Ξ	ZZ
20	M4 x 0.7	5	6	M8 x 1.25	24	1/8	21.5	2	65	141 (149)	5.5	6	52	25	65	3	12	35	182 (190)
25	M5 x 0.8	5.5	8	M10 x 1.25	29	1/8	26.5	2.5	73	151 (159)	5.5	7	60	30	75	3	12	40	198 (206)
32	M5 x 0.8	5.5	10	M10 x 1.25	35.5	1/8	26.5	2.5	73	154 (162)	6.6	7	60	30	75	3	12	40	201 (209)
40	M6 x 1	6	14	M14 x 1.5	44	1/8	28	2.5	81	169 (178)	6.6	8	66	36	82	4	12	50	227 (236)

								(mm)
Bore size			Wi	th ro	d bo	ot		
(mm)	IJ	JH (Reference)	JW (Reference)	е	f	h	e	ZZ
20	27	15.5	10.5	30	18	55		202 (210)
25	32	16.5	10.5	30	19	62	⊣ ૭ ⊢	220 (228)
32	38	18.5	10.5	35	19	62	1/4 SI	223 (231)
40	48	21.5	10.5	35	19	70		247 (256)

Note) (): Denotes the dimensions for long stroke.

Rod side trunnion type (U): With rubber bumper CNGUN





With rod boot

(mm) Stroke range without rod boot Stroke range with rod boot GC GK GL GR GQ H1 AL B₁ BC BN BP D Ε F GA GB (mm) Standard Long stroke Standard Long stroke 20 Up to 200 201 to 1500 20 to 200 201 to 1500 18 8 12 2 10 (12) 18 5.5 8 15.5 13 38 93 1/8 14 Up to 300 301 to 1500 25 20 to 300 | 301 to 1500 22 19.5 17 45 103 1/8 16.5 10 14 2 10 (12) 25 6.5 9 7 10 6 31 1/8 20 7 Up to 300 301 to 1500 20 to 300 | 301 to 1500 17 45 104 12 18 2 97 10 (12) 25 6.5 9 10 6 32 22 19.5 38 40 Up to 300 301 to 1500 20 to 300 | 301 to 1500 26 7 7 12 30 27 19 52 112 1/8 16 25 2 104 10 (13) 11

Bore size (mm)	J	ĸ	KA	ММ	NA	Р	PG	РН	PL	s	TA	TDe8	TR	тѕ	TZ	ХА	хв
20	M4 x 0.7	5	6	M8 x 1.25	24	1/8	21.5	2	65	141 (149)	11	8 ^{-0.025} -0.047	51	40	59.6	3	12
25	M5 x 0.8	5.5	8	M10 x 1.25	29	1/8	26.5	2.5	73	151 (159)	11	10 -0.025	58	47	68	3	12
32	M5 x 0.8	5.5	10	M10 x 1.25	35.5	1/8	26.5	2.5	73	154 (162)	11	12 -0.032	62.5	47	75.7	3	12
40	M6 x 1	6	14	M14 x 1 5	44	1/8	28	25	81	169 (178)	12	14 -0.032	72.5	54	85.7	4	12

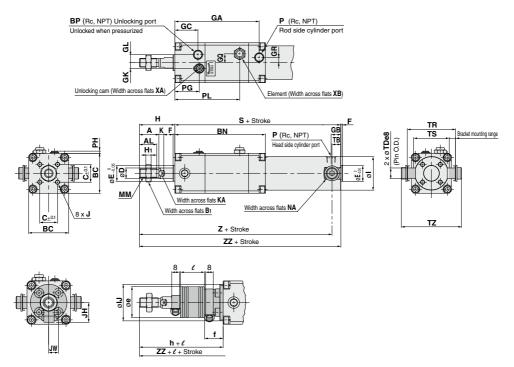
												(mm)
	W	ithou	it rod boot				With	n rod	boo	t		
Bore size (mm)	н	z	ZZ	IJ	JH (Reference)	JW (Reference)	е	f	h	e	z	ZZ
20	35	46	178 (186)	27	15.5	10.5	30	18	55		66	198 (206)
25	40	51	193 (201)	32	16.5	10.5	30	19	62	stroke	73	215 (223)
32	40	51	196 (204)	38	18.5	10.5	35	19	62	1/4 st	73	218 (226)
40	50	62	221 (230)	48	21.5	10.5	35	19	70		82	241 (250)

Note) (): Denotes the dimensions for long stroke. For the pivot bracket, refer to page 704.



Dimensions

Head side trunnion type (T): With rubber bumper CNGTN



With rod boot

																						(mm)
Bore size	Stroke rang	ge without rod boot	Stroke range	with rod boot	_	AL	В₁	ьс	BN	DП	С	D	Е	F	GA	GB	~~	c۷	<u></u>	CD	GQ	ш.	
(mm)	Standard	Long stroke	Standard	Long stroke	^	AL	ы	ВС	DIA	БГ		, D	_	-	GA	GB	uc	GK	GL	un	uu		•
20	Up to 200	201 to 1500	20 to 200	201 to 1500	18	15.5	13	38	93	1/8	14	8	12	2	85	10 (12)	18	5.5	6	4	8	5	26
25	Up to 300	301 to 1500	20 to 300	301 to 1500	22	19.5	17	45	103	1/8	16.5	10	14	2	96	10 (12)	25	6.5	9	7	10	6	31
32	Up to 300	301 to 1500	20 to 300	301 to 1500	22	19.5	17	45	104	1/8	20	12	18	2	97	10 (12)	25	6.5	9	7	10	6	38
40	Up to 300	301 to 1500	20 to 300	301 to 1500	30	27	19	52	112	1/8	26	16	25	2	104	10 (13)	26	7	11	7	12	8	47
(mm)																							

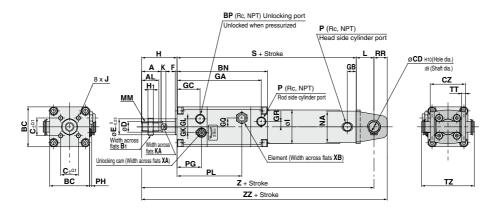
																- /-	,
Bore size (mm)	J	ĸ	KA	ММ	NA	Р	PG	РΗ	PL	s	тв	TDe8	TR	TS	TZ	ХА	ХВ
20	M4×0.7	5	6	M8×1.25	24	1/8	21.5	2	65	141 (149)	11	8 ^{-0.025} -0.047	39	28	47.6	3	12
25	M5×0.8	5.5	8	M10×1.25	29	1/8	26.5	2.5	73	151 (159)	11	10 -0.025	43	33	53	3	12
32	M5×0.8	5.5	10	M10×1.25	35.5	1/8	26.5	2.5	73	154 (162)	10(11)	12 -0.032 -0.059	54.5	40	67.7	3	12
40	M6×1	6	14	M14×1.5	44	1/8	28	2.5	81	169 (178)	10(12)	14 -0.032	65.5	49	78.7	4	12

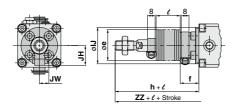
												(mm)
		Without ro	d boot				١	With	rod b	oot		
Bore size (mm)	н	z	ZZ	IJ	JH (Reference)	JW (Reference)	е	f	h	e	z	ZZ
20	35	165 (173)	178 (186)	27	15.5	10.5	30	18	55		185 (193)	198 (206)
25	40	180 (188)	193 (201)	32	16.5	10.5	30	19	62	stroke	202 (210)	215 (223)
32	40	184 (192)	196 (204)	38	18.5	10.5	35	19	62	1,4 st	206 (214)	218 (226)
40	50	209 (216)	221 (230)	48	21.5	10.5	35	19	70		229 (236)	241 (250)

Note) (): Denotes the dimensions for long stroke.

For the pivot bracket, refer to page 704.

Clevis type (D): With rubber bumper CNGDN





With rod boot

																						(mm)
Bore size	Stroke rang	ge without rod boot	Stroke range	with rod boot		AL	ъ.	ВС	DNI	DП	С	D	Е	F	GA	GB	~~	c۷	<u></u>	CD.	GQ	ш.	
(mm)	Standard	Long stroke	Standard	Long stroke	A	AL	DI	ВС	DIA	DP	٠	ט	_	г	GA	GB	GC	GK	GL	un	uч	ш	'
20	Up to 200	201 to 1500	20 to 200	201 to 1500	18	15.5	13	38	93	1/8	14	8	12	2	85	10 (12)	18	5.5	6	4	8	5	26
25	Up to 300	301 to 1500	20 to 300	301 to 1500	22	19.5	17	45	103	1/8	16.5	10	14	2	96	10 (12)	25	6.5	9	7	10	6	31
32	Up to 300	301 to 1500	20 to 300	301 to 1500	22	19.5	17	45	104	1/8	20	12	18	2	97	10 (12)	25	6.5	9	7	10	6	38
40	Up to 300	301 to 1500	20 to 300	301 to 1500	30	27	19	52	112	1/8	26	16	25	2	104	10 (13)	26	7	11	7	12	8	47

																	(1	mm)
Bore size (mm)	J	K	KA	ММ	NA	Р	PG	РН	PL	s	CD	cz	L	RR	TT	TZ	ХА	хв
20	M4×0.7	5	6	M8×1.25	24	1/8	21.5	2	65	141 (149)	8	29	14	11	3.2	43.4	3	12
25	M5×0.8	5.5	8	M10×1.25	29	1/8	26.5	2.5	73	151 (159)	10	33	16	13	3.2	48	3	12
32	M5×0.8	5.5	10	M10×1.25	35.5	1/8	26.5	2.5	73	154 (162)	12	40	20	15	4.5	59.4	3	12
40	M6×1	6	14	M14×1.5	44	1/8	28	2.5	81	169 (178)	14	49	22	18	4.5	71.4	4	12

												(111111)
		Without ro	d boot				1	With	rod b	oot		
20	н	z	ZZ	IJ	JH (Reference)	JW (Reference)	е	f	h	e	z	ZZ
20	35	190 (198)	201 (209)	27	15.5	10.5	30	18	55		210 (218)	221 (229)
25	40	207 (215)	220 (228)	32	16.5	10.5	30	19	62	stroke	229 (237)	242 (250)
32	40	214 (222)	229 (237)	38	18.5	10.5	35	19	62	1/4 st	236 (244)	251 (259)
40	50	241 (250)	259 (268)	48	21.5	10.5	35	19	70		261 (270)	279 (288)

Note) (): Denotes the dimensions for long stroke. Clevis pin and retaining ring are attached. For the pivot bracket, refer to page 704.



Accessory Bracket Dimensions

(mm)

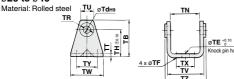
Single Knuckle Joint

I-G02/G03 Material: Rolled steel MM ONDHIO MM ONDHIO NX A1 U1 NX NX

Part no.	Applicable bore size (mm)	Α	A 1	E ₁	Lı	мм	RR1	U ₁	ND _{H10}	NX
I-G02	20	34	8.5	□16	25	M8 x 1.25	10.3	11.5	8+0.058	8 - 0.2
I-G03	25, 32	41	10.5	□20	30	M10 x 1.25	12.8	14	10 ^{+0.058}	10 -0.2
I-G04	40	42	14	ø22	30	M14 x 1.5	12	14	10 ^{+0.058}	18 - 0.3

Rod Side Pivot Bracket

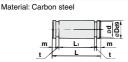
ø20 to ø40



							(mm
Part no.	Applicable bore size (mm)	тв	Tdн9	TE	TF	тн	TN
CNG-020-24	20	42	8 + 0.036	10	5.5	31	(41.4)
CNG-025-24	25	48	10 + 0.036	10	5.5	37	(48.4)
CNG-032-24	32	53	12 + 0.043	10	6.6	38.5	(48.4)
CNG-040-24	40	60	14 + 0.043	10	6.6	42.5	(56.4)
		_					
Part no. Applicable bore size (mm)		R TI	r TU	TV	TW	тх	TY TZ

Part no.	Applicable bore size (mm)	TR	тт	TU	τv	TW	тх	TY	TZ
CNG-020-24	20	13	3.2	21.2	47.8	42	26	28	50
CNG-025-24	25	15	3.2	21.3	54.8	42	28	28	57
CNG-032-24	32	17	4.5	25.6	57.4	48	28	28	61.4
CNG-040-24	40	21	4.5	26.3	65.4	56	36	30	71.4

Clevis Pin



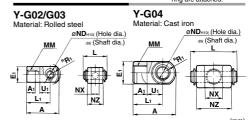
								(mm
Part no.	(mm)							Applicable retaining ring
IY-G02	20	8 -0.040	21	7.6	16.2	1.5	0.9	Type C 8 for axis
IY-G03	25, 32	10 - 0.040	25.6	9.6	20.2	1.55	1.15	Type C 10 for axis
IY-G04	40	10 - 0.040	41.6	9.6	36.2	1.55	1.15	Type C 10 for axis

Retaining rings are included.

Knuckle Pin

Double Knuckle Joint

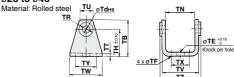
 Knuckle pin and retaining ring are attached.



													(mm)
Part no.	Applicable bore size (mm)	Α	Αı	E1	L ₁	ММ	RR1			NX			Applicable pin part no.
Y-G02	20	34	8.5	□16	25	M8 x 1.25	10.3	11.5	8	8 + 0.4	16	21	IY-G02
Y-G03	25, 32	41	10.5	□20	30	M10 x 1.25	12.8	14	10	10 +0.4	20	25.6	IY-G03
Y-G04	40	42	16	ø22	30	M14 x 1.5	12	14	10	18 + 0.5	36	41.6	IY-G04

Head Side Pivot Bracket

ø20 to ø40



Part no.	Applicable bore size (mm)	тв	Тфн9	TE	TF	ТН	TN
CG-020-24A	20	36	8 + 0.036	10	5.5	25	(29.3)
CG-025-24A	25	43	10 + 0.036	10	5.5	30	(33.1)
CG-032-24A	32	50	12 + 0.043	10	6.6	35	(40.4)
CG-040-24A	40	58	14 + 0.043	10	6.6	40	(49.2)

Part no.	Applicable bore size (mm)	TR	тт	TU	τv	TW	тх	TY	TZ
CG-020-24A	20	13	3.2	18.1	35.8	42	16	28	38.3
CG-025-24A	25	15	3.2	20.7	39.8	42	20	28	42.1
CG-032-24A	32	17	4.5	23.6	49.4	48	22	28	53.8
CG-040-24A	40	21	4.5	27.3	58.4	56	30	30	64.6

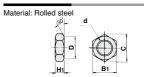
Rod End Nut

Material: Carbon steel



								(mm
Part no.	Applicable bore size (mm)	Dd9	L	d	L ₁	m	t	Applicable retaining ring
CD-G02	20	8 -0.040	43.4	7.6	38.6			Type C 8 for axis
CD-G25	25	10 - 0.040	48	9.6	42.6	1.55	1.15	Type C 1I for axis
CD-G03	32	12 - 0.050	59.4	11.5		1.55	1 15	
CD-G04	40	14 - 0.050	71.4	13.4	65	2.05	1.15	Type C 14 for axis

^{*} Retaining rings are included.

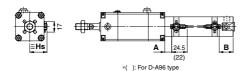


					(1	mm)
Part no.	Applicable bore size (mm)	B1	С	D	d	H1
NT-02	20	13	(15)	12.5	M8 x 1.25	5
NT-03	25, 32	17	(19.6)	16.5	M10 x 1.25	6
NT-G04	40	19	(21.9)	18	M14 x 1.5	8

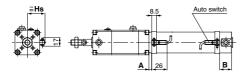
CNG Series Auto Switch Mounting 1

Auto Switch Proper Mounting Position (Detection at Stroke End) and Its Mounting Height

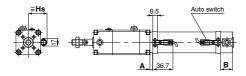
Reed auto switch D-A9□



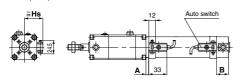
D-C7, C8



D-C73C, C80C

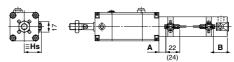


D-B5, B6, B59W



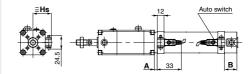
Solid state auto switch

D-M9□, D-M9□A D-M9□W

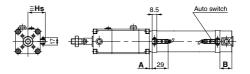


*(): For D-M9□A type

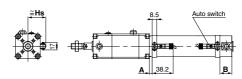
D-G5NT



D-H7□, H7□W D-H7NF, H7BA



D-H7C



Auto Switch Proper Mounting Position

~	ulo c	, 44 1 5	<i>,</i> ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Ope	21 IVIV	Juin	y	. 03	LIOI						(111111)
Во	model	D-M90 D-M90 D-M90	⊒W(V)	D-AS	9 □(V)	D-C80C		D-B5 D-B6		D-B59W		D-H7□ D-H7C D-H7□W D-H7BA D-H7NF		D-G5 W D-K59W D-G59F D-G5 D-K5 D-G5NT D-G5BA	
siz	Bore size (mm) A		В	Α	В	Α	В	Α	В	Α	В	Α	В	Α	В
	20	12	24 (32)	8	20 (28)	8.5	20.5 (28.5)	2.5	14.5 (22.5)	5.5	17.5 (25.5)	7.5	19.5 (27.5)	4	16 (24)
	25	12	24 (32)	8	20 (28)	8.5	20.5 (28.5)	2.5	14.5 (22.5)	5.5	17.5 (25.5)	7.5	19.5 (27.5)	4	16 (24)
	32	13	25 (33)	9	21 (29)	9.5	21.5 (29.5)	3.5	15.5 (23.5)	6.5	18.5 (26.5)	8.5	20.5 (28.5)	5	17 (25)
		18	27 (36)	14	23 (32)	14.5	23.5	8.5	17.5 (26.5)	11	20.5	13.5	22.5	10	19 (28)

m) Auto Switch Mounting Height

_	Auto Owner Mounting Height (IIII					
	Auto switch model Bore	D-M9□(V) D-H7□ D-M9□W(V) D-H7NF D-M9□A(V) D-H7NF D-A9□(V) D-H7BA D-C7/C8	D-C73C D-C80C	D-B5/B6 D-G5NT D-B59W D-G59F D-G5/K5 D-H7C D-G5□W D-G5BA D-K59W		
	size (mm)	Hs	Hs	Hs		
	20	26.5	27	27.5		
,	25	29	29.5	30		
	32	32.5	33	33.5		
	40	37	37.5	38		

^{* ():} For the long stroke type





CNG Series Auto Switch Mounting 2

Minimum Auto Switch Mounting Stroke

	n: No.	of	auto	switches	(mm
--	--------	----	------	----------	-----

	No. of auto switches mounted				
Auto switch model	1		2	1	ı
	•	Different surfaces	Same surface	Different surfaces	Same surface
D-M 9□	5	15 Note 1)	40 Note 1)	$20 + 35 \frac{(n-2)}{2}$ (n = 2, 4, 6) Note 3)	55 + 35 (n - 2) (n = 2, 3, 4, 5)
D-M9□W	10	15 Note 1)	40 Note 1)	$20 + 35 \frac{(n-2)}{2}$ (n = 2, 4, 6) Note 3)	55 + 35 (n - 2) (n = 2, 3, 4, 5)
D-M9□A	10	25	40 Note 1)	$25 + 35 \frac{(n-2)}{2}$ (n = 2, 4, 6) Note 3)	60 + 35 (n - 2) (n = 2, 3, 4, 5)
D-A9□	5	15	30 Note 1)	$15 + 35 \frac{(n-2)}{2}$ (n = 2, 4, 6) Note 3)	50 + 35 (n - 2) (n = 2, 3, 4, 5)
D-M9□V	5	20	35	$20 + 35 \frac{(n-2)}{2}$ (n = 2, 4, 6) Note 3)	35 + 35 (n - 2) (n = 2, 3, 4, 5)
D-A9□V	5	15	25	$15 + 35 \frac{(n-2)}{2}$ (n = 2, 4, 6) Note 3)	25 + 35 (n - 2) (n = 2, 3, 4, 5)
D-M9□WV D-M9□AV	10	20	35	$20 + 35 \frac{(n-2)}{2}$ (n = 2, 4, 6) Note 3)	35 + 35 (n - 2) (n = 2, 3, 4, 5)
D-C7□ D-C80	5	20	60	$20 + 45 \frac{(n-2)}{2}$ (n = 2, 4, 6) Note 3)	60 + 45 (n - 2) (n = 2, 3, 4, 5)
D-H7□ D-H7□W D-H7BA D-H7NF	10	25	70	$25 + 45 \frac{(n-2)}{2}$ (n = 2, 4, 6) Note 3)	70 + 45 (n – 2) (n = 2, 3, 4, 5)
D-C73C D-C80C D-H7C	5	30	80	$30 + 50 \frac{(n-2)}{2}$ (n = 2, 4, 6) Note 3)	80 + 50 (n - 2) (n = 2, 3, 4, 5)
D-B5□ D-B64 D-G5□ D-K59□	5	25	70	25 + 50 (n - 2) (n=2, 4, 6) Note 3)	70 + 50 (n - 2) (n = 2, 3, 4, 5)
D-B59W	10	30	75	$30 + 50 \frac{(n-2)}{2}$ (n = 2, 4, 6) Note 3)	75 + 50 (n – 2) (n = 2, 3, 4, 5)

Note 3) When "n" is an odd number, an even number that is one larger than this odd number is used for the calculation.

	With 2 aut	o switches
	Different surfaces	Same surface
Auto switch model	A 15 3.5 B	
	Correct auto switch mounting position is 3.5 mm from the back face of the switch holder.	The auto switch is mounted by slightly displacing it in a direction (cylinder tube circumferential exterior) so that the auto switch and lead wire do not interfere with each other.
D-M9□ D-M9□W	Less than 20 stroke Note 2)	Less than 55 stroke Note 2)
D-M9□A	Less than 20 stroke Note 2)	Less than 60 stroke Note 2)
D-A9□	_	Less than 50 stroke Note 2)

Note 2) Minimum stroke for mounting auto switches in the other mounting types mentioned in note 1.



Operating Range

				(mm)
Auto switch model	Bore size			
Auto Switch model	20	25	32	40
D-A9□	7	6	8	8
D-M9□ D-M9□W	4.5	5	4.5	5.5
D-C7□/C-80 D-C73C/C-80C	8	10	9	10
D-B5□/B64	8	10	9	10
D-B59W	13	13	14	14
D-H7□/H7□W D-H7BA/H7NF	4	4	4.5	5
D-H7C	7	8.5	9	10
D-G5NT	4	4	4.5	5

Since the operating is range is provided as a guideline including hysteresis, it cannot be guaranteed (assuming approximately ±30% dispersion).
 It may vary substantially depending on an ambient environment.

Auto Switch Mounting Bracket: Part No.

Auto switch		Bore si	ze(mm)	
model	20	25	32	40
D-M9□(V) D-M9□W(V) D-A9□(V)	Note 1) BMA3-020 (A set of a, b, c, d)	Note 1) BMA3-025 (A set of a, b, c, d)	Note 1) BMA3-032 (A set of a, b, c, d)	Note 1) BMA3-040 (A set of a, b, c, d)
D-M9□A(V) Note 2)	BMA3-020S (A set of b, c, e, f)	BMA3-025S (A set of b, c, e, f)	BMA3-032S (A set of b, c, e, f)	BMA3-040S (A set of b, c, e, f)
D-H7□ D-H7□W D-H7NF D-C7□/C80 D-C73C/C80C	BMA2-020A (A set of c and d)	BMA2-025A (A set of c and d)	BMA2-032A (A set of c and d)	BMA2-040A (A set of c and d)
D-H7BA	BMA2-020AS (A set of c and f)	BMA2-025AS (A set of c and f)	BMA2-032AS (A set of c and f)	BMA2-040AS (A set of c and f)
D-B5□/B64 D-B59W D-G5□/K59 D-G5□W/K59W D-G5BA/G59F D-G5NT	BA-01 (A set of c and d)	BA-02 (A set of c and d)	BA-32 (A set of c and d)	BA-04 (A set of c and d)

- Note 1) Since the switch bracket (made from nylon) are affected in an environment where alcohol, chloroform, methylamines, hydrochloric acid or sulfuric acid is splashed over, so it cannot be used. Please consult SMC regarding other chemicals.
- Note 2) When mounting a D-M9□A(V) type auto switch, if the switch bracket is mounted on the indicator light, it may damage the auto switch. Therefore, be sure to avoid mounting the switch bracket on the indicator light.

[Mounting screw set made of stainless steel]

The following set of mounting screws made of stainless steel is available. Use it in accordance with the operating environment.

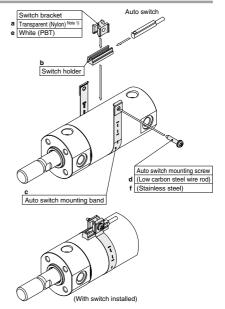
(Please order the auto switch mounting bracket separately, since it is not included.) BBA3: D-B5,B6,G5,K5 types

BBA4: D-C7,C80,H7 types

Note) Refer to page 1439 for details on the BBA3.

The above stainless steel screws are used when a cylinder is shipped with the D-H7BA/G5BA auto switch.

When only an auto switch is shipped independently, the BBA3 or BBA4 is attached.



* Band (c) is mounted so that the projected part is on the internal side (contact side with the tube).



Cylinder Brackets by Stroke/Mounting Surfaces

st: stroke(mm) Mounting bracket Basic type, Foot type, Flange type, Clevis type Trunnion type No. of auto switches mounted (Rod cover side) (Different surfaces) (Same surface) (Rod cover side) (Different surfaces) (Same surface) Switch mounting surface Port surface Port surface Port surface Switch model D-A9□ D-M9□ 15 to 44 st 45 st or more 10 st or more 45 st or more 10 st or more 15 to 44 st D-M9□W D-C7□/C80 10 st or more 15 to 49 st 50 st or more 10 st or more 15 to 49 st 50 st or more D-H7□/H7□W 10 st or more 15 to 59 st 60 st or more 10 st or more 15 to 59 st 60 st or more D-H7BA/H7NF D-C73C/C80C/H7C 15 to 64 st 10 st or more 15 to 64 st 65 st or more 10 st or more 65 st or more D-B5□/B64/G5NT 10 st or more 15 to 74 st 75 st or more 10 st or more 15 to 74 st 75 st or more D-B59W 20 to 74 st 15 st or more 20 to 74 st 75 st or more 15 st or more 75 st or more

Other than the applicable auto switches listed in "How to Order", the following auto switches can be mounted. For detailed specifications, refer to pages 1341 to 1435.

Auto switch type	Model	Electrical entry (Fetching direction)	Features
Reed	D-B53, C73, C76		_
neea	D-C80		Without indicator light
	D-H7A1, H7A2, H7B	Grommet (In-line)	_
Solid state	D-H7NW, H7PW, H7BW		Diagnostic indication (2-color)
	D-G5NT		With timer

^{*} For solid state auto switches, auto switches with a pre-wired connector are also available. Refer to pages 1410 and 1411 for details.

^{*} Normally closed (NC = b contact) solid state auto switches (D-M9□E(V)) are also available. Refer to page 1360 for details.



Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to page 9 for safety instructions and pages 10 to 19 for actuator and auto switch precautions.

Design of Equipment and Machinery

⚠ Warning

Construct so that the human body will not come into direct contact with driven objects or the moving parts of locking cylinders.

Devise a safe structure by attaching protective covers that prevent direct contact with the human body, or in cases where there is a danger of contact, provide sensors or other devices to perform an emergency stop, etc., before contact occurs.

2. Use a balance circuit, taking cylinder lurching into consideration.

In cases such as an intermediate stop, where a lock is operated at a desired position within the stroke and air pressure is applied from only one side of the cylinder, the piston will lurch at high speed when the lock is released. In such situations, there is a danger of causing human injury by having hands or feet, etc. caught, and also a danger for causing damage to the equipment. In order to prevent this lurching, a balance circuit such as the recommended pneumatic circuits (pages 710 and 711) should be used.

Selection

⚠ Warning

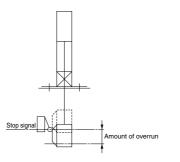
 When in the locked state, do not apply a load accompanied by an impact shock, strong vibration or turning force, etc.

Use caution, because an external action such as an impacting load, strong vibration or turning force, may damage the locking mechanism or reduce its life.

2. Consider stopping accuracy and the amount of overrun when an intermediate stop is performed.

Due to the nature of a mechanical lock, there is a momentary lag with respect to the stop signal, and a time delay occurs before stopping. The cylinder stroke resulting from this delay is the overrun amount. The difference between the maximum and minimum overrun amounts is the stopping accuracy.

- Place a limit switch before the desired stopping position, at a distance equal to the overrun amount.
- The limit switch must have a detection length (dog length) of the overrun amount + Oc.
- For SMC's auto switches, the operating range is between 8 and 14 mm. (It varies depending on a switch model.) When the overrun amount exceeds this range, selfholding of the contact should be performed at the switch load side.
 - * For stopping accuracy, refer to page 693.



Selection

⚠ Warning

3. In order to further improve stopping accuracy, the time from the stop signal to the operation of the lock should be shortened as much as possible.

To accomplish this, use a device such as a highly responsive electric control circuit or solenoid valve driven by direct current, and place the solenoid valve as close as possible to the cylinder.

4. Note that the stopping accuracy will be influenced by changes in piston speed.

When piston speed changes during the course of the cylinder stroke due to variations in the load or disturbances, etc., the dispersion of stopping positions will increase. Therefore, consideration should be given to establishing a standard speed for the piston just before it reaches the stopping position. Moreover, the dispersion of stopping positions will increase during the cushioned portion of the stroke and during the accelerating portion of the stroke after the start of operation, due to the large changes in piston speed.

The holding force (max. static load) indicates the maximum capability to hold a static load without loads, vibration and impact. This does not indicate a load that can be held in ordinary conditions.

Select the most suitable bore sizes for the operating conditions in accordance with the selection procedures. The Model Selection (pages 690 and 691) is based on use at the intermediate stop (including emergency stops during operation). However, when the cylinder is in a locked state, kinetic energy does not act upon it. Under these conditions, use the load mass at the maximum speed (V) of 100 mm/s shown in graphs (5) to (7) on page 691 depending on the operating pressure and select models.

Mounting

⚠ Warning

 Be certain to connect the rod end to the load with the lock released.

If connected in the locked state, a load greater than the turning force or holding force may operate on the piston rod and cause damage to the lock mechanism. The CNG series is equipped with an emergency unlocking mechanism, however, when connecting the rod end to the load this should be done with the lock released by simply connecting an air line to the unlocking port and supplying aipressure of 0.25 MPa or more.

2. When the cylinder is used as mounted with a single side fixed or free (basic type, flange type), a bending moment will be applied to the cylinder due to the vibration generated at the stroke end, and the cylinder may be damaged. In such a case, mount a bracket to reduce the vibration of the cylinder or use the cylinder at a piston speed low enough to prevent the cylinder from vibrating at the stroke end.

Also, please use a support bracket when the cylinder body moves or when the long stroke cylinder is fixed horizontally on one side.

1. Install a rod boot without twisting.

If the cylinder is installed with its bellows twisted, it could damage the bellows.

2. Tighten clevis bracket mounting bolts with the following proper tightening torque.

ø20: 1.5 N·m, ø25 to 32: 2.9 N·m, ø40: 4.9 N·m, ø50: 11.8 N·m, ø63 to 80: 24.5 N·m, ø100: 42.2 N·m





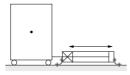
Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to page 9 for safety instructions and pages 10 to 19 for actuator and auto switch precautions.

Mounting

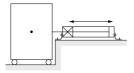
⚠ Caution

1. Do not apply offset loads to the piston rod.

Particular care should be taken to match the load's center of gravity with the center of the cylinder shaft. When there is a large discrepancy, the piston rod may be subjected to uneven wear or damage due to the inertial moment during locking stops.



X Load center of gravity and cylinder shaft center are not matched.



O Load center of gravity and cylinder shaft center are matched.

Note) Can be used if all of the generated moment is absorbed by an effective quide.

Adjustment

\land Warning

Do not operate the cushion valve in the fully closed or fully opened state.

Using it in the fully closed state will cause the cushion seal to be damaged. Using it in the fully opened state will cause the piston rod assembly or the cover to be damaged.

- Operate within the specified cylinder speed. Otherwise, cylinder and seal damage may occur.
- 3. Carefully check the cushion performance in a low speed range.

The performance and effect at around 50 mm/s may vary depending on the individual difference of each product.

- 1. Adjust the cylinder's air balance. Balance the load by adjusting the air pressure in the rod and head sides of the cylinder with the load connected to the cylinder and the lock released. Lurching of the cylinder when unlocked can be prevented by carefully adjusting this air balance.
- 2. Adjust mounting position for detection area of auto switch etc. When intermediate stop is done, adjust the mounting position for detection stop is done, adjust the mounting position for detection area of auto switch etc., with consideration of over-run distance to required stop position.

Pneumatic Circuit

⚠ Warning

1. Be certain to use an pneumatic circuit which will apply balancing pressure to both sides of the piston when in a locked stop. In order to prevent cylinder furching after a lock stop, when restarting or when manually unlocking, a circuit should be used to which will apply balancing pressure to both sides of the

piston, thereby canceling the force generated by the load in the direction of piston movement.

- 2. The effective area of the unlocking solenoid valve should be at least 50% of the effective area of the cylinder driving solenoid valve, and it should be installed as close to the cylinder as possible so that it is closer than the cylinder driving solenoid valve. If the effective area of the unlocking solenoid valve is small or if it is installed at a distance from the cylinder, the time required for erbausting air to rutocking will be longer, which may cause a delay in the locking operation. The delay in the locking operation may result in problems such as increase of overrunning when performing intermediate stop or emergency stop during operation, or if maintaining position from the operation stop state such as drop prevention, workpieces may be dropped depending on the timing of the local action to the operation delay of the lock.
- Avoid backflow of the exhaust pressure when there is a possibility of interference of exhaust air, for example for a common exhaust type valve manifold.

The lock may not operate properly when the exhaust air pressure backflows due to interference of the exhaust air when exhausting air for lock release. It is recommended to use an individual exhaust type manifold or individual valves.

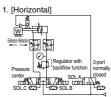
4. Allow at least 0.5 seconds from a locked stop (intermediate stop of the cylinder) until release of the lock.

When the locked stop time is too short, the piston rod (and load) may lurch at a speed greater than the control speed of the speed controller.

- 5. When restarting, control the switching signal for the unlocking solenoid valve so that it acts before or at the same time as the cylinder drive solenoid valve. If the signal is delayed, the piston rod (and load) may lurch at a speed greater than the control speed of the speed controller.
- 6. Carefully check for dew condensation due to repeated air supply and exhaust of the locking solenoid valve. The operating stroke of the lock part is very small. So, if the piping is long and the air supply and

The operating stroke of the lock part is very small. So, if the piping is long and the air supply and exhaust are repeated, the dew condensation caused by the adiabatic expansion accumulates in the lock part. This may corrode internal parts, causing air leak or lock release fault.

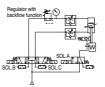
7. Basic circuit

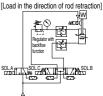




[Vertical]

[Load in the direction of rod extension]





 The symbol for the cylinder with lock in the basic circuit uses SMC original symbol.

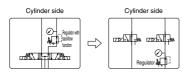


Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to page 9 for safety instructions and pages 10 to 19 for actuator and auto switch precautions.

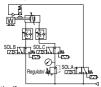
Pneumatic Circuit

⚠ Caution

1. 3-position pressure center solenoid valve and regulator with backflow function can be replaced with two 3-port normally open valves and a regulator with relief function.

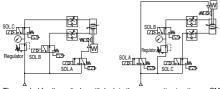


[Example] 1. [Horizontal]



2. [Vertical] [Load in the direction of rod extension]

[Load in the direction of rod retraction]



The symbol for the cylinder with lock in the pneumatic circuit uses SMC original symbol

Manually Unlocking

⚠ Warning

- 1. Never operate the unlocking cam until safety has been confirmed. (Do not turn to the FREE side.)
 - a) When unlocking is performed with air pressure applied to only one side of the cylinder, the moving parts of the cylinder will lurch at high speed causing a serious hazard.
 - b) When unlocking is performed, be sure to confirm that personnel are not within the load movement range and that no other problems will occur if the load moves.
- 2. Before operating the unlocking cam, exhaust any residual pressure which is in the system.
- 3. Take measures to prevent the load from dropping when unlocking is performed.
 - a) Perform work with the load in its lowest position.
 - b) Take measures for drop prevention by strut, etc.

∕!\ Caution

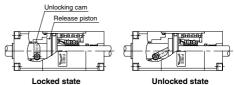
1. The unlocking cam is an emergency unlocking mechanism only.

During an emergency when the air supply is stopped or cut off, this is used to alleviate a problem by forcibly pushing back the release piston and brake spring to release the lock.

- 2. When installing the cylinder into equipment or performing adjustments, etc., be sure to apply air pressure of 0.25 MPa or more to the unlocking port. and do not perform work using the unlocking cam.
- 3. When releasing the lock with the unlocking cam, it must be noted that the internal resistance of the cylinder will be high, unlike normally unlocking with air pressure.

	Bore size (mm)	Cylinder internal resistance (N)	Cam operating torque (standard) (N·m)	Max. cam operating torque (N·m)	Applicable hex. wrench size
	20	24.6	1.0	2.3	Size 3
	25	38.2	2.5	4.7	Size 3
	32	62.7	3.0	4.7	Size 3
[40	98	4.0	8.2	Size 4

- 4. Be sure to operate the unlocking cam on the FREE side (clockwise direction), and do not turn with a torque greater than the maximum cam operating torque. There is a danger of damaging the unlocking cam if it is turned excessively.
- 5. For safety reasons, the unlocking cam is constructed so that it cannot be fixed in the unlocked condition.



Locked state [Principle]

If the unlocking cam is turned in a clockwise direction with a hexagon wrench, the release piston is pushed back and the lock is released. Further, if the unlocking cam is not held it will return to its original position and the unit will lock again. Therefore, the unlocking cam must be held in position for as long as unlocking is required.



Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to page 9 for safety instructions and pages 10 to 19 for actuator and auto switch precautions.

Maintenance

⚠ Caution

1. The CNG series lock units are replaceable.

(However, please note that lock units cannot be replaced in the case of long stroke specifications.)

To order replacement lock units for the CNG series, use the order numbers given in the table below.

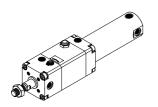
Bore size (mm)	Lock uni	it part no.	
Boro dizo (min)	Rubber bumper type	Air cushion type	
20	CNGN20D-UA	CNGA20D-UA	
25	CNGN25D-UA	CNGA25D-UA	
32	CNGN32D-UA	CNGA32D-UA	
40	CNGN40D-UA	CNGA40D-UA	

2. Replacement of lock units.

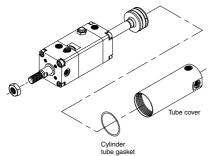
 Remove the lock unit by securing the square section of the rod cover or the wrench flats of the tube cover in an apparatus such as a vice, and then loosening the other end with a spanner or adjustable angle wrench, etc.

For the dimensions of the square section and the wrench flats, refer to the table below.

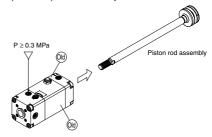
Bore size (mm)	Rod cover square section (mm)	Tube cover wrench flats (mm)
20	38	24
25	45	29
32	45	35.5
40	52	44



2) Remove the tube cover.



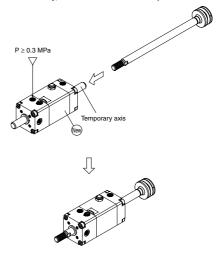
Apply 0.3 MPa or more of compressed air to the unlocking port, and pull out the piston rod assembly.



4) Similarly, apply 0.3 MPa or more of compressed air to the unlocking port of the new lock unit, and replace the new lock unit's temporary axis with the previous piston rod assembly.

Note) Be sure to keep applying compressed air with a pressure of at least 0.3 MPa to the lock releasing port when replacing the temporary axis of a new lock unit and a piston rod assembly.

If the compressed air applied to the unlocking port is released (when it is in the lock condition) while the temporary axis and the piston rod assembly are removed from the lock unit, the brake shoe will be deformed and it will become impossible to insert the piston rod assembly, which will make the lock unit impossible to use.



5) Reassemble in reverse order from steps 2) and 1). When retightening the sections, turn approximately 2° past their position prior to disassembly.

