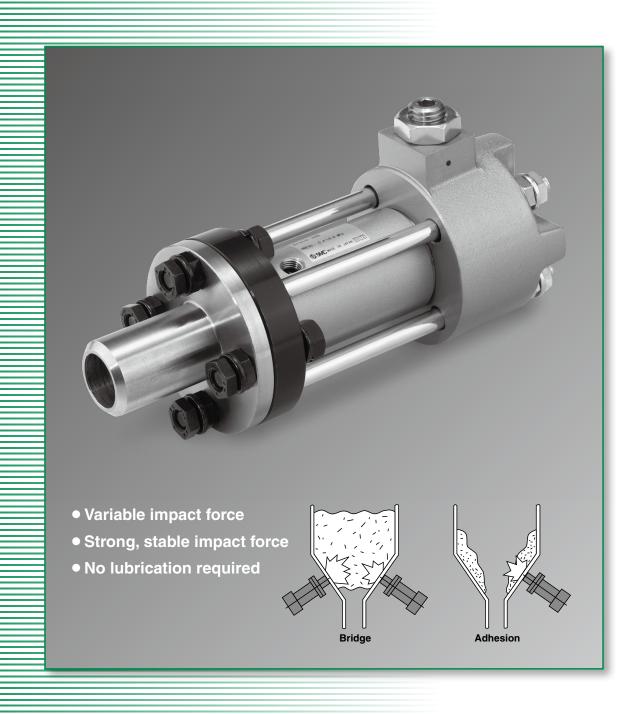
Air Shocker

The air shocker is a pneumatic piston type shock generator. Removes plugging due to bridging or adhesion of bulk material inside a hopper or chute.





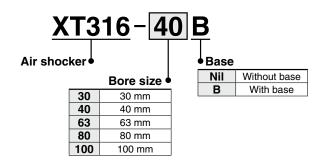
XT316 Series

Specifications

Model	XT316-30(B)	XT316-40(B)	XT316-63(B)	XT316-80(B)	XT316-100(B)					
Bore size [mm]	30	40	63	80	100					
Operating pressure [MPa]	0.4 to 0.6									
Impact energy [kgm]*1	0.05 to 0.07	0.17 to 0.31	0.45 to 0.75	1.0 to 1.8	2.2 to 4.0					
Weight [kg]*2	2.5	4.4	11.2	15	33.5					
Ambient and fluid temperatures [°C]	0 to 60									
Port size	Rc1/8 Rc3/8									
Lubrication	Not required (Non-lube)									
Air consumption [L/cycles]	0.33	0.75	1.29	1.91	4					

^{*1} The potential energy when impact is applied by SMC's test equipment is shown.

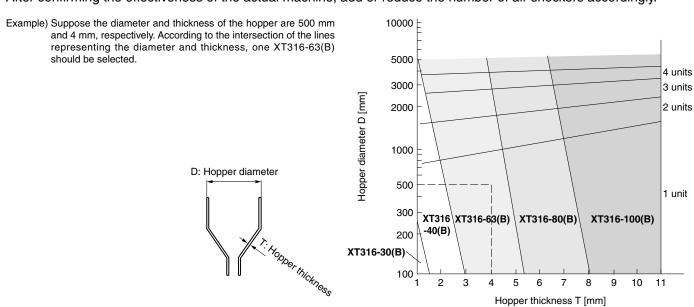
How to Order



Model Selection

Air shocker model selection depends on the type, shape, and size of the machine on which the air shocker is to be mounted as well as the degree of adhesion and clogging. Use the following chart as a guideline to select the model and number of air shockers.

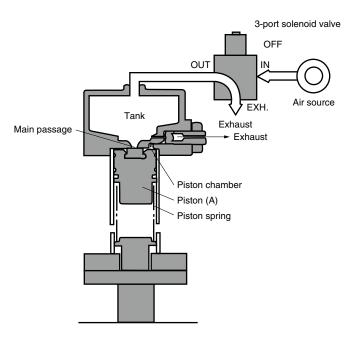
After confirming the effectiveness of the actual machine, add or reduce the number of air shockers accordingly.



^{*2} Total weight including the mounting base and bolts

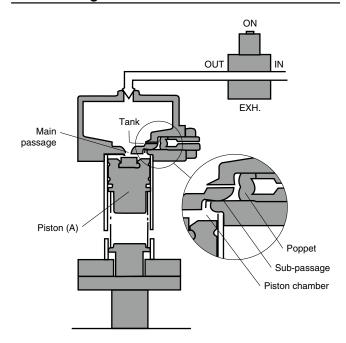
Construction and Working Principle

1. Initial condition



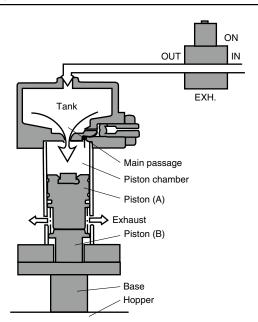
When the 3-port solenoid valve remains OFF, the tank and piston chamber are under atmospheric pressure, piston (A) is locked by a spring, and thus the main passage is closed.

2. Piston begins to move



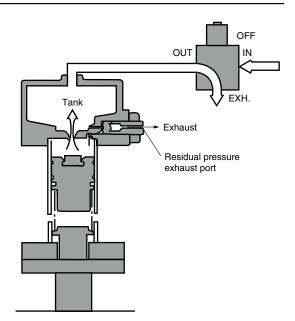
When the 3-port solenoid valve remains ON, air flows into the tank. When the pressure reaches the specified value, the poppet opens, the air passes through the sub-passage and flows into the piston chamber to move piston (A), and thus the main passage opens.

3. Impact



A large quantity of air accumulated in the tank flows through the main passage into the piston chamber. Then piston (A) moves at high speed to strike against piston (B), and thus vibration is transmitted through the base to the hopper.

4. Return

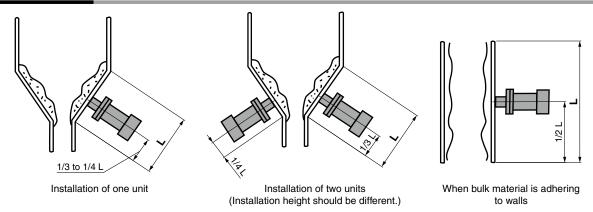


When the 3-port solenoid valve is turned OFF, the air inside the tank and cylinder is exhausted through the exhaust port of the solenoid valve and residual pressure exhaust port. Then piston (A) and poppet return to their initial condition.



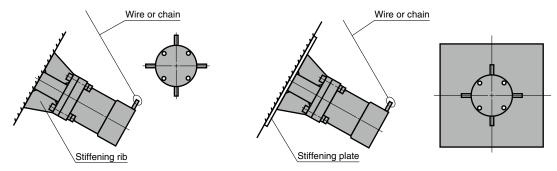
XT316 Series

Mounting Position

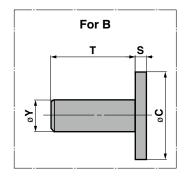


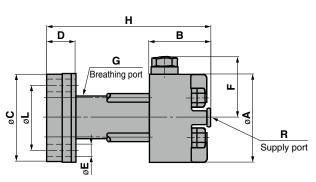
Mounting Method

- 1. The base is subjected to repeated impact load of the air shocker, so weld all the periphery completely. Intsallation of a stiffening rib is recommended.
- 2. When the mounting section is thin, install a stiffening plate and weld all its periphery completely
- 3. Securely tighten the air shocker with the attached bolts, spring washers, and hard-locknuts.
- 4. Apply wire or chain to the hook to fix the air shocker and prevent it from falling.



Dimensions [mm]





Model	Bore size	øΑ	В	øС	D	øΕ	F	G	Н	øL	S	Т	øΥ	R
XT316-30(B)	ø30	70	51	70	13	9	58	M8 x 1	134	55	7	41	27.2	1/8
XT316-40(B)	ø40	95	66	95	30.5	13.5	67	M10 x 1	175	70	12	90	34	1/8
XT316-60(B)	ø63	140	61	140	31.5	15.5	80	M12 x 1.5	215	110	12	100	76.3	1/8
XT316-80(B)	ø80	150	76	150	36	17.5	86	M16 x 1.5	250	120	14	100	76.3	1/8
XT316-100(B)	ø100	190	88	210	41	22	105	M20 x 1.5	306	170	22	145	114.3	3/8

A Safety Instructions Be sure to read the "Handling Precautions for SMC Products" (M-E03-3) and "Operation Manual" before use.